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RECENT LITERATURE.

Index to 'The Ibis' 1895-1912.¹— This bulky volume is the third 'Index-volume' of 'The Ibis,' the others covering respectively the years 1859-1876, and 1877-1894. Unlike the custom adopted by 'The Auk,' 'The Ibis' issues a separate 'Subject Index' at the end of every series (six volumes) so that no entries of authors or subjects appear in the work before us. The size of the volume is greatly increased by the indexing of every species under both species and genus and of every trinomial name under subspecies, species and genus, there being no cross references whatever.

To anyone who has constant occasion to consult the files of 'The Ibis' this index is invaluable and ornithologists the world over owe a debt of gratitude to Messrs. Henry Peavot and Thomas Wells who compiled it and to Mr. W. L. Selater, the editor.— W. S.

Noble on the Resident Birds of Guadeloupe.²— Mr. Noble spent the summer and early fall of 1914 on Guadeloupe Island in the French West Indies, collecting in the interest of the Museum of Comparative Zoölogy, and the present report covers the results of his work. Forty-six species are listed accompanied by extensive notes on relationship, habits and abundance, while several introductory pages summarize the topography of the island, the vertebrate fauna and the present status of the bird life. The four species of parrots, were the earliest land birds to be exterminated, having been killed in large numbers by the natives. The Coot and Rail have apparently disappeared also, though their extirpation is to be laid to the mongoose rather than to human agency. The other extinct species is the Diablotin or Black-capped Petrel, which, according to the "oldest inhabitants" has not been seen since the great earthquake of 1847. Mr. Noble nevertheless is able to discuss the relationship of the Guadeloupe petrels at considerable length on the basis of four specimens in the Lafresnaye collection secured in Guadeloupe in 1842 by L'Herminier. These curiously enough belong to two different species, the smaller of which seems to correspond best with Kuhl's description of *Procellaria hasitata* while the larger is *P. diabolica* of Lafresnay. Mr. Noble further thinks it probable that the North American specimens of '*A. hasitata*' will be found to be *A. diabolica*.

The Laughing Gulls of the Antilles and Bahamas are found to be uniformly smaller than those from the mainland and Mr. Noble proposes to separate the latter as *Larus atricilla megalopterus* (Bruch). The Grackles

¹ Index of Genera and Species referred to, and an Index to the Plates in 'The Ibis' (Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Series), 1895-1912. Edited by William Lutley Selater, M. A. London, 1916. pp. 1-513. Price, £1 12s. 6d.

² The Resident Birds of Guadeloupe. By G. K. Noble. Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool., LX., No. 10. August, 1916. pp. 359-396.